

Round 3 - Elementary School

Regulation

(Tossup 1) For a spring this quantity is given by one half the spring constant times displacement squared. This quantity for an object can be calculated as the momentum of the object squared over twice its mass, but is more regularly calculated using one-half mass times the velocity of the object squared. The total energy is equal to potential energy plus this form of energy. For the point, name this energy of motion.

ANSWER: kinetic energy (accept kinetic after “energy”; prompt on “energy”)

(Tossup 2) This process is indirectly measured for photons by calculating attenuation and assuming processes like reflection, emission and scattering do not occur when using Beer’s Law. An atom can perform this process with a photon by raising an electron’s energy level. For the point, name this chemically defined ability to suck up another substance such as sponges taking up water, which should not be confused with *adsorption*.

ANSWER: absorption (or absorbance; accept absorbivity)

(Tossup 3) These cells can give rise to transient amplifying cells. Less potent varieties of this class of cells includes those identified as hematopoietic and pluripotent. This biological cell type is sometimes confused for more specific progenitor cells. For the point, name these cells capable of differentiating into other cells and dividing seemingly without limit, whose embryonic variety have come under ethical scrutiny.

ANSWER: stem cells (accept totipotent stem cells)

(Tossup 4) The constant named for this state is calculated with the law of mass action and is denoted with a capital K. Le Chatelier’s principle describes how this state can shift due to addition of product or reactant. This state describes a reaction whose forward and reverse rates are equal. For the point, name this general term describing a system that is balanced.

ANSWER: chemical equilibrium

(Tossup 5) 496 and 8,128 are two examples of these numbers, of which there are 51 total known examples corresponding to the 51 known Mersenne prime numbers. “Deficient” and “abundant” are adjectives for numbers that are not this kind of number. Because 1, 2, 4, 7, and 14 are factors of 28 and they add to 28, 28 is this type of number. Six is the smallest example of, for the point, what type of number equal to the sum of its proper divisors?

ANSWER: perfect number(s)

(Tossup 6) One of the oldest examples of these structures is the Arkadiko one in Mycenae. C.T. Loscher designed one of the first Cable-stayed variants of these structures while their arch and beam varieties have been around since B.C.E.. Akashi Kaikyo is the longest of these structures that utilize a suspension design. For the point, name these structures that connect two points to span obstacles like rivers, valleys, and roads.

ANSWER: bridges

(Tossup 7) Examples of these objects include Juan de Fuca and Nazca. Vine, Matthews, and Morley predicted these objects contributed to seafloor spreading. Transform, divergent, and convergent are three types of boundaries between these objects which can form mountains and cause earthquakes. Continental drift is caused by, for the point, what large sections of the Earth's crust?

ANSWER: tectonic plates (or plate tectonics; prompt on "tectonic"s)

(Tossup 8) The Crannell Creek Giant was considered the largest example of this classification which are named for General Sherman and can be found in Tulare County, California. A classic gymnosperm example that falls under this broad classification is the conifer. For the point, name this broad classification of plants that are being threatened by deforestation.

ANSWER: tree(s) (accept Sequoia)

MISSING QUESTION

(Tossup 9) Excess synovial fluid in this structure is colloquially termed "water on" this joint. The medical collateral and anterior cruciate ligaments of this joint are difficult to heal if torn. This largest joint in the human body has its surface protected by the patella. This joint connects the tibia and fibula to the femur bone. For the point, name this joint that bends the leg.

ANSWER: knee

(Tossup 10) COBE and WMAP are two satellite examples of this device which use microwaves. A Cassegrain reflector and Schmidt corrector plate make a powerful type of this device. March 30th, 2021 is the launch date for one of these devices named for James Webb which is designed to replace the one named for Edwin Hubble. For the point, name this type of device used to observe the stars.

ANSWER: space telescopes

(Tossup 11) One form of this interaction can be detected using the bromine test. This interaction contains one sigma and one pi bond. Alkenes are characterized by having this type of interaction, while saturated compounds do not have this interaction. The carbon atom in carbon dioxide has two bonds of this type with both oxygen atoms. For the point, name this covalent bond in which four electrons are shared, contrasted with single and triple.

ANSWER: double bond

(Tossup 12) The scientific name for this classification of birds is Trochilidae [TRO-kill-uh-DAY-ee]. The smallest bird species falls under this classification of birds of American-origin, who are the only birds capable of hovering and flying backwards. For the point, name these birds who use their beaks to drink nectar of flowers and whose fast flapping of 79 kilometers per hours lends them their name.

ANSWER: hummingbirds

(Tossup 13) One possible alternative to a widely held hypothesis of this event is supported by giant lava flows from the Deccan Traps. The iridium metal coating at the K-Pg layer gives evidence to the Alvarez hypothesis of how this event occurred, which is further supported by the giant Chicxulub [CHICK-shuh-LOOB] crater. For the point, name this event that happened around 66 million years ago that wiped out a class of giant reptiles.

ANSWER: extinction of the dinosaurs (accept K-T extinction (or Cretaceous-Tertiary) event; accept Cretaceous-Paleogene extinction event; accept K-Pg extinction until mentioned; prompt on “K-Pg extinction event” after mentioned; prompt on “extinction” with “The extinction of what?”)

(Tossup 14) This scientist discovered racemization [RAY-suh-muh-ZAY-shun] in tartaric acid experiments. This scientist developed the use of a swan bottle neck to disprove the spontaneous generation of germs in fermentation processes. This creator of the rabies and anthrax vaccine invented a process where mild heat is used to remove pathogens. For the point, name this scientist who names a process used to keep milk sanitary.

ANSWER: Louis Pasteur

MISSING QUESTION

(Tossup 15) This object contains a large feature called the Tharsis bulge. The first spacecrafts to land on this object were Viking 1 and Viking 2. The tallest mountain in the Solar System, Olympus Mons, is located on this planet. This planet, explored by Curiosity, is circled by the two moons Phobos and Deimos. For the point, name this iron red planet, the fourth furthest from the sun.

ANSWER: Mars

MISSING QUESTION

(Tossup 16) Martin Beijerinck [BAI-ur-INK] gave the name to these entities calling them a “contagious living fluid.” A disease originating from Wuhan started spreading in 2020 due to the “corona” type of this class of pathogens. Ones that take their RNA genome and transcribe it into DNA for insertion into a host are part of the “retro-” class of these pathogens. For the point, name these debatably unalive pathogens which include influenza and HIV.

ANSWER: viruses

(Tossup 17) This adjective describes a rule about the transition states of a quantum system to a continuum named for Fermi. The Fibonacci numbers approach a ratio described by this adjective that can be expressed as the quantity one plus the square root of five all over 2. For the point, name this six letter adjective that describes objects that have been plated with an element with chemical symbol Au.

ANSWER: golden

(Tossup 18) The ratio of this quantity to charge is used in a namesake form of spectrometry [SPECK - trom -uh - tree]. The non-zero values of this quantity for the W and Z bosons is due to symmetry breaking in the Higgs field. Particles that are thought to have a value of zero for this quantity include gluons and photons. Einstein related energy to this quantity times the speed of light squared. For the point, name this quantity measured in kilograms.

ANSWER: mass (prompt on kilogram until mentioned by asking “What quantity is measured in kilograms?”; prompt on m)

(Tossup 19) This symbol is used to make comments in Matlab. This symbol represents modular arithmetic in languages like python. The difference between measured value and the expected value over the expected value times one hundred yields an error named for this symbol and can also be used in chemistry to determine yield with 100 being perfect yield. For the point, name this symbol, a diagonal line with two circles on either side.

ANSWER: percent sign (or symbol)

MISSING QUESTION

(Tossup 20) In the Vickers Hardness test, this mineral is used to make indents. A gum-like material used to coat this mineral is called nyf to give this mineral ridge-like appearance. On the Mohs hardness scale, this mineral is just above corundum. Graphite can be converted to this mineral under high pressure. For the point, name this hardest mineral on the Mohs scale, a valuable carbon-based gemstone.

ANSWER: diamonds

MISSING QUESTION

(Tossup 21) Denial of this condition, despite evidence for it, is termed Anton-Babinski Syndrome. This condition partially names a disorder experienced by those who fail Ishihara’s test. This condition can be onset by age-related macular degeneration. Damage to the optic chiasm can cause this condition. For the point, name this condition of near or complete vision loss.

ANSWER: blindness (accept color blindness; prompt on “vision impairment” or related answers of “lack” of “eyesight”)

(Tossup 22) Norman Borlaug helped developed security in this good for several nations with his developments in agronomy. The Green Revolution helped increase the global production of this general good. Thomas Malthus thought population would exceed the production of this good, leading to a population trap. For the point, name this good that can be characterized by macro- and micronutrients and are necessary for preventing hunger.

ANSWER: food (accept wheats until “protein”; prompt on “plants”)

(Tossup 23) This phenomenon in rotating fluids is the planetary or Rossby type. Solitons are a mathematically modelled type of this phenomenon that maintain their shape as they propagate. The longitudinal variety of this phenomenon can propagate through a spring. For the point, name these phenomenon whose ocean variety can propagate themselves to beaches.

ANSWER: waves [accet solitary waves]

(Tossup 24) The most common source of this element is cassiterite, which contains its oxide. The alloy pewter is around 90% this element and 5 to 10% antimony. Lead and this element make up the fusible metal alloy solder. Aluminum cans are often erroneously referred to as containing this element. For the point, name this element with atomic number fifty and chemical symbol Sn.

ANSWER: tin (prompt on Sn before mentioned)

(Tossup 25) The principal tree used to extract this material is the South American *Hevea brasiliensis* [huh-VEE-uh bra-ZILL-ee-EN-siss] species. Vulcanization is a technique to strengthen the cross links between this material. This material is extracted in the form of latex by “tapping” its namesake trees. For the point, name this sticky elastic material extracted from a namesake tree and used to produce like erasers.

ANSWER: natural rubber (or India rubber; Amazonian rubber caucho or cautchouc; prompt on “latex” until mentioned)

Extra

(Tossup 1) Nuclear pasta refers to a type of degenerate matter thought to be found within the crust of these stars. These stars sit above the Chandrasekhar limit and below the Tolman-Oppenheimer-Volkoff limit, making them larger than white dwarfs. For the point, name this super dense type of star named for the neutral charged atomic nuclei component that make them up.

ANSWER: neutron stars

(Tossup 2) For pioneering cryogenic techniques with this device, three scientist won the 2017 Nobel Prize in Chemistry. This device can use scanning and transmission techniques when taking advantage of the wave nature of an electron. Robert Hooke and Antonie van Leeuwenhoek were pioneers of using glass lenses to create magnification in this device. For the point, name this scientific instrument used to magnify tiny specimen.

ANSWER: microscope(s) (accept electron microscope(s))